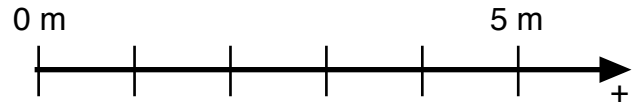
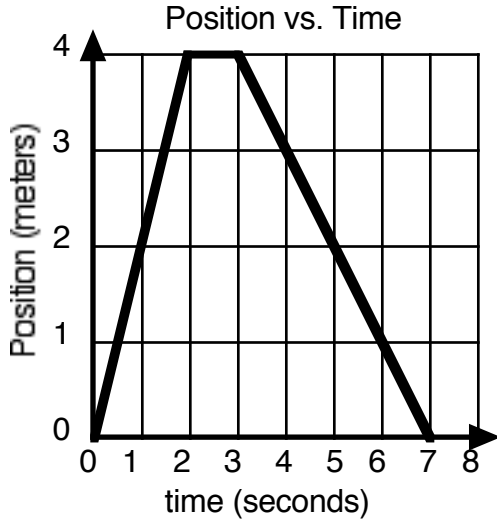


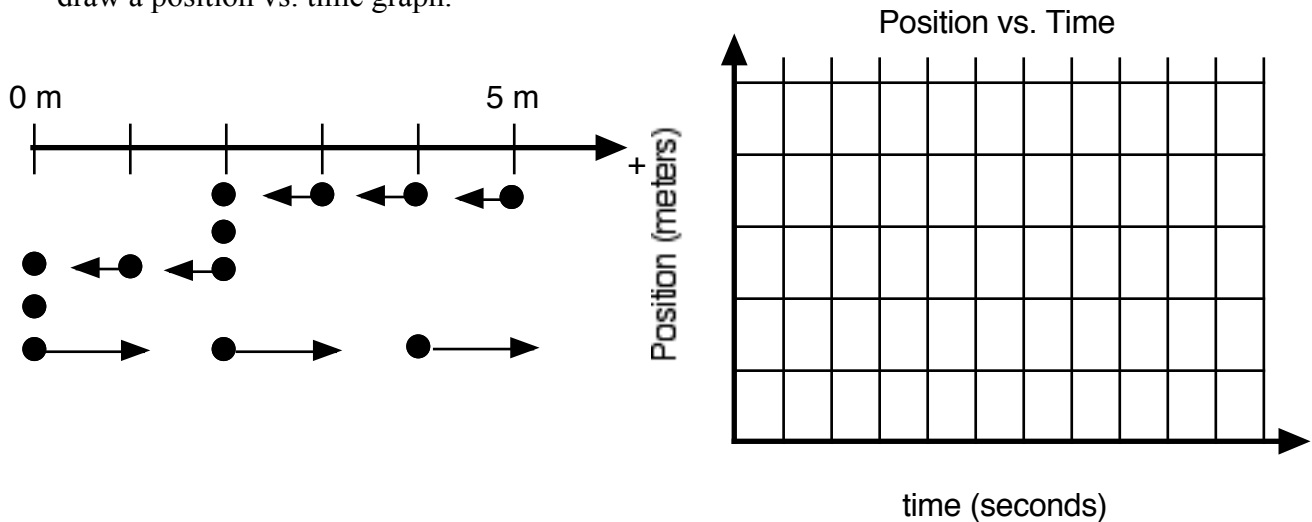
Constant Velocity Particle Model Worksheet 1: Motion Maps and Position vs. Time Graphs

1. Given the following position vs. time graph, draw a motion map with one dot for each second.



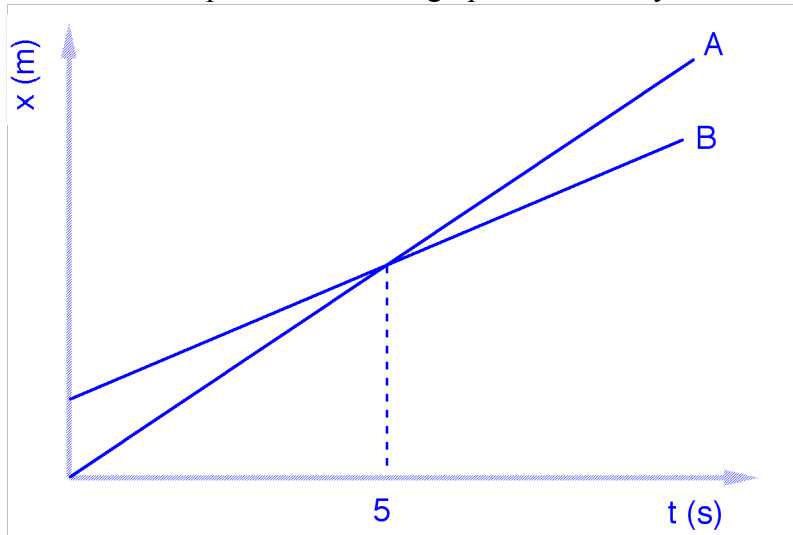
Describe the motion of the object in words:

2. Given the following motion map, where positions have been recorded with one dot each second, draw a position vs. time graph.



Describe the motion of the object in words:

3. Consider the position vs. time graph below for cyclists A and B.



a. Do the cyclists start at the same point? How do you know? If not, which is ahead?

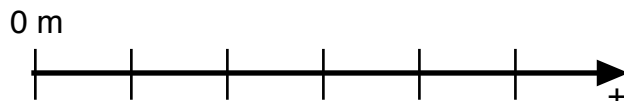
b. At $t = 7\text{s}$, which cyclist is ahead? How do you know?

c. Which cyclist is traveling faster at 3s ? How do you know?

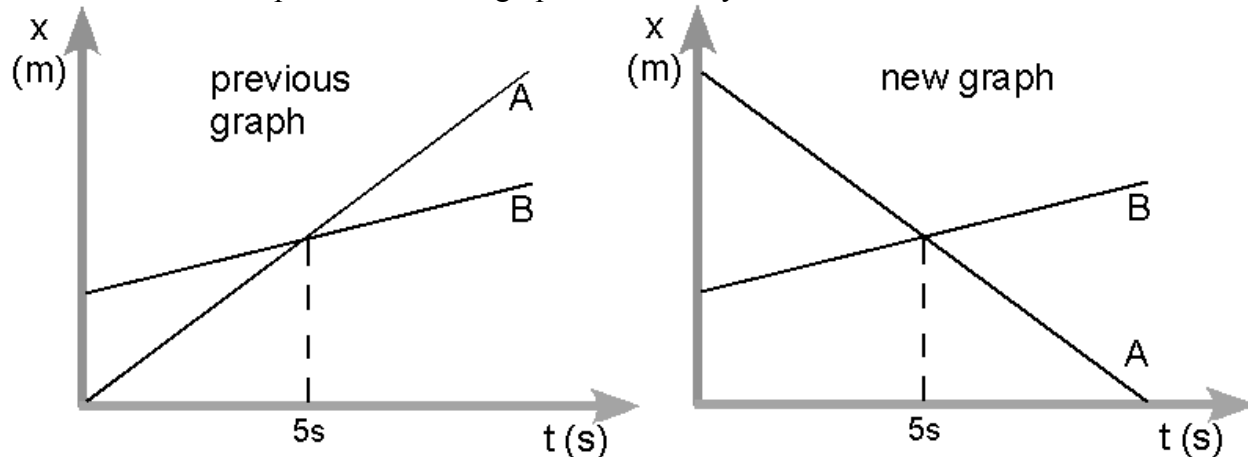
d. Are their velocities equal at any time? How do you know?

e. What is happening at the intersection of lines A and B?

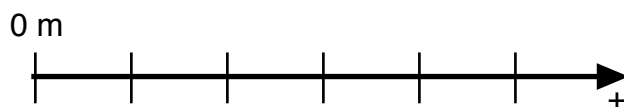
f. Draw a motion map for cyclists A and B.



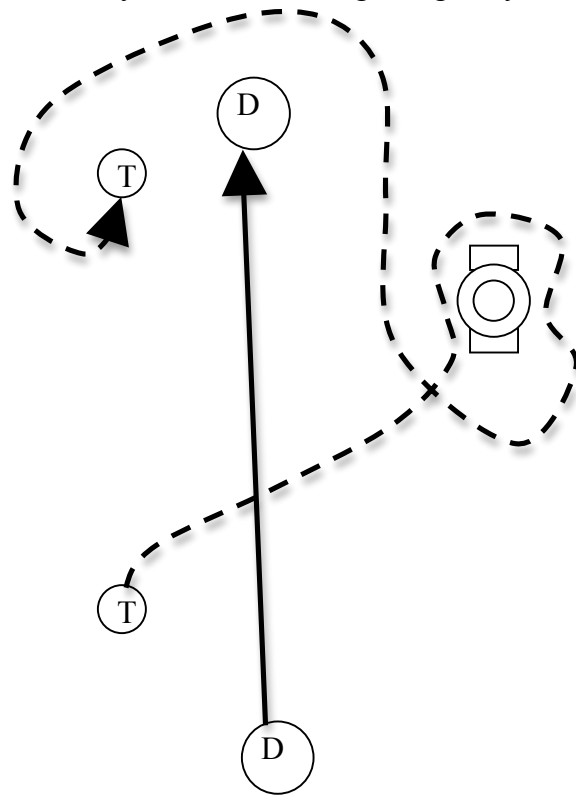
4. Consider the new position vs. time graph below for cyclists A and B.



- a. How does the motion of the cyclist A in this graph compare to that of A in question 3?
- b. How does the motion of cyclist B in this graph compare to that of B in question 3?
- c. Which cyclist has the greater speed? How do you know?
- d. Describe what is happening at the intersection of lines A and B.
- e. Which cyclist has traveled further during the first 5 seconds? How do you know?
- f. Draw a motion map for cyclists A and B.



5. An overhead snapshot of Dorothy and Toto walking along the yellow brick road is shown below.



- a. From start to finish, who travels farther? Justify your answer.
- b. Develop two different definitions for measuring “how far” something travels.