

Name: _____

TOC# _____

Testing for Macromolecules

In this activity you see how to test types of foods to see if they contain carbohydrates (simple vs. complex), lipids or proteins.

Part 1 Indicator Demo: Which indicator solutions can test for carbohydrates, protein, and lipids?

Chemical indicators, are any substances that gives a visible sign, usually by a color change, of the presence or absence of a chemical compound. We can use indicator solutions to test for the presence of our macromolecules of life! An indicator solution is a good test for starch if it changes color in the presence of starch, but does not show the same color change in the presence of other molecules such as proteins, lipids or sugars. You will watch a demo and then evaluate which indicator solutions can be used to test for which macromolecules. We say that an indicator test is positive when the color change indicates that the macromolecules is present and negative if there is no color change indicating the lack of the macromolecule.

We will use the following indicators:

- | | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------|
| -Iodine Solution
(yellow/brown→blue/black) | -Sudan III Solution
(Red→ two layers) | -Benedicts Solution
(blue→ orange/red) | -Biuret Solution |
|---|--|---|------------------|

We will test the following solutions with each indicator.

We will see a color change with at least one of the indicators.

- | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| - Corn starch | - Sucrose = table sugar | - Vegetable oil |
| - Potato starch | - Water | - Powdered egg whites (high in protein) |
| - Gelatin (protein from bones, skin, etc. of farm animals) | | |

1. Predict: Complete this table using the list above

An indicator solution that is a good test for <u>protein</u> will change color when added to these samples:	An indicator solution that is a good test for <u>protein</u> will <i>not</i> change color when added to these samples:
An indicator solution that is a good test for <u>lipids</u> will change color when added to these samples:	An indicator solution that is a good test for <u>lipids</u> will <i>not</i> change color when added to these samples:
An indicator solution that is a good test for <u>simple carbs</u> will change color when added to these samples:	An indicator solution that is a good test for <u>simple carbs</u> will <i>not</i> change color when added to these samples:
An indicator solution that is a good test for <u>complex carbs</u> will change color when added to these samples:	An indicator solution that is a good test for <u>complex carbs</u> will <i>not</i> change color when added to these samples:

3. Complete the following table as your teach demo's each reaction.

Sample	Indicator Solution	What is the Color after indicator is added?	Is the sample is positive or negative	Sample	Indicator Solution	What is the Color after indicator is added?	Is the sample is positive or negative
Corn starch	Iodine			Gelatin	Iodine		
	Sudan III				Sudan III		
	Benedict's				Benedict's		
	Biuret				Biuret		
Sucrose = table sugar	Iodine			Water	Iodine		
	Sudan III				Sudan III		
	Benedict's				Benedict's		
	Biuret				Biuret		
Vegetable oil	Iodine			Powdered egg whites	Iodine		
	Sudan III				Sudan III		
	Benedict's				Benedict's		
	Biuret				Biuret		
Potato starch	Iodine						
	Sudan III						
	Benedict's						
	Biuret						

Demo Analysis:

1. Which indicator solution a good test for complex carbs (aka polysaccharides/starch)? Briefly summarize the evidence that supports your conclusion.
2. Which indicator solution a good test for simple carbs (aka monosaccharides)? Briefly summarize the evidence that supports your conclusion.
3. Which indicator solution a good test for proteins? Briefly summarize the evidence that supports your conclusion.
4. Which indicator solution a good test for lipids? Briefly summarize the evidence that supports your conclusion.
5. Which macromolecule did we not test? Can you find it in food?