Exercise 3.10 Stoichiometry

Name:	
Date:	Per:

1.	Over the years the thermite reaction has been used for welding railroad rails, in incendiary bombs, and to ignite solid-fuel
	rocket motors. The reaction is:

$$Fe_2O_3(s) + 2Al(s) \rightarrow 2Fe(1) + Al_2O_3(s)$$

What masses of iron(III) oxide and aluminum must be used to produce 15.0 g of iron? What is the maximum mass of aluminum oxide that could be produced?

Mass of Fe₂O₃: _____ Mass of Al: _____ Mass of Al₂O₃: _____

2. Phosphorus can be prepared from calcium phosphate by the following reaction:

$$Ca_3(PO_4)_2(s) + SiO_2(s) + C(s) \rightarrow CaSiO_3(s) + P_4(s) + CO(g)$$

- a. Balance the equation:
- b. Phosphorite is a mineral that contains calcium phosphate plus other non-phosphorus-containing compounds. What is the maximum amount of P₄ that can be produced from 1.0 kg of phosphorite if the phosphorite sample is 75% Ca₃(PO₄)₂ by mass?



3. A 0.4230 g sample of impure sodium nitrate was heated, converting all the sodium nitrate to 0.2864 g of sodium nitrate and oxygen gas. Determine the percent of sodium nitrate in the original sample.



4. An element X forms both a dichloride (XCl_2) and a tetrachloride (XCl_4). Treatment of 10.00 g XCl_2 with excess Cl_2 forms 12.55 g XCl_4 . Calculate the atomic mass of X, and identify X.

Atomic mass of X: ______X ?: _____

5. An ionic compound MX_3 is prepared according to the following unbalanced chemical equation:

$$M + X_2 \rightarrow MX_3$$

A 0.105 g sample of X_2 contains 8.92 x 10^{20} molecules. The compound MX_3 consists of 54.47% X by mass. What the identities of M and X, and what is the correct name for MX_3 ?

Formula: ______

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